

Evaluasi Belajar Tahap Akhir Nasional
Bahasa Inggris
Tahun 2001

Bacaan untuk nomor soal 1 sampai dengan 3

Nowadays people become busier and busier. Sometimes they have to do some important businesses in many different towns on the same day. To overcome this, we need the fastest mean of transportation. The best choice is to travel by air.

Garuda Airlines, Merpati Nusantara Airlines and Bouraq are some of the Indonesian Airlines. Each offers the best facilities to the passengers.

Travelling by air makes us feel that the world is getting narrower. We need less time to reach our destination than to travel on the road.

You have to buy a ticket first before you travel by plane. You can get the tickets in the tickets agencies which are easy to get now.

The worst thing in travelling by air is that the plane cannot reach any towns located within short distances. Town within short distances do not have plane routes and small do not have airports.

UAS-SMP-01-01

The best title for the passage above is ...

- A. travelling by sea
- B. travelling by air
- C. travelling by land
- D. travelling by water

UAS-SMP-01-02

To reach ..., travelling by air is faster than by road.

- A. place
- B. destination
- C. town
- D. city

UAS-SMP-01-03

Because people are getting busier, travelling by air is the best way.

The idea can be found in paragraph ...

- A. one
- B. two
- C. three
- D. four

UAS-SMP-01-04

She made maiden voyage from Great Britain to New York in May 1936.

The underline word has the same meaning as ...

- A. first
- B. second
- C. third
- D. fourth

UAS-SMP-01-05

It was designed to be largest, faster, and the most luxurious ship in the world.

The antonym of the words "largest" is ...

- A. biggest
- B. smallest
- C. highest
- D. longest

UAS-SMP-01-06

Arif : Where does Mr. Rahmad work?

Batara : He works in rice field. He plants rice.

He is a good ...

- A. teacher
- B. farmer
- C. butcher
- D. carpenter

UAS-SMP-01-07

Mr. Jack : What you will do in the factory tomorrow?

Mr. Bakri : I ... a new machine.

- A. operate
- B. operated
- C. will operate
- D. am opening

UAS-SMP-01-08

Lusiana : What is your uncle's job?

Lutfi : He is a farmer

Lusiana : What does he do?

Lutfi : He usually ...

- A. grows rice
- B. teacher the student
- C. delivers the letters
- D. studies at school

UAS-SMP-01-09

Joni : Where does Mr. Suyanto go?

Jono : He goes to the harbour

He works in a ship, and often goes abroad for months

Joni : What does he do?

Jono : He is a ...

- A. doctor
- B. sailor
- C. tailor
- D. policeman

UAS-SMP-01-10

Mother: Here are two beautiful skirts, Noni
Blue and Brown
Which one do you like?
Noni : ...
It's my favorite colour
A. I want the skirt
B. I want the colours
C. I want both of them
D. I want the blue one

UAS-SMP-01-11

Hendra's hobby is playing tennis.
He really wants to be a good tennis player.
So his father told him that ...
A. he must practice regularly and seriously
B. he can practice whenever he wants
C. he will practice if his father asks him to
D. he may practice if he has time

UAS-SMP-01-12

Rino : Where's daddy, mummy?
Mother: He is in the living room.
He ... news on TV.
A. watched
B. watches
C. will watch
D. is watching

Bacaan untuk soal nomor 13 sampai dengan 15

Mira's mother wants to make a dress for Mira.
She needs Mira's help.
Mira : What will you do, Mom?
Mother : I want to make a dress for you.
Mira : It's wonderful.
Mother : So help me, please.
Mira : What can I do for you, Mom?
Mother : Get me the scissors over there, a needle,
green thread and a tape measure.
Mira : Do you need a zipper and pins, too?
Mother : Oh, yes, I forget to buy the zipper.
There are still some pins in the drawer of the
sewing machine.
Will you buy a zipper for me?
Mira : I will, Mom?

UAS-SMP-01-13

The text is about ...
A. the wonderful dress
B. the sewing machine
C. making a dress
D. the kind of dress

UAS-SMP-01-14

Mira's mother wants to make a ... dress
A. red
B. black
C. white
D. green

UAS-SMP-01-15

'It's wonderful.'
The underlined expression means ...
A. I am very happy to hear that
B. I feel beautiful to hear that
C. I look great to wear that
D. I look good to have that

UAS-SMP-01-16

Ani : What have you done?
Ana : Why?
Ani : You look ...
Ana : Oh, I have played basketball
A. tired
B. sad
C. pale
D. sleepy

UAS-SMP-01-17

Andi : We are in a hurry. How should we go, Dul?
By bike or motorcycle
Dullah : I think motorcycle will be better, because it is
... than bike
A. fast
B. faster
C. slow
D. slower

UAS-SMP-01-18

Tio : How do you go to school, Wan?
Wawan: By bicycle will be better, because it is ... than
bike
A. go
B. went
C. will go
D. have gone

UAS-SMP-01-19

Arrange this sentences to make a coherent paragraph!
1. They had to stay in a hotel.
2. They looked for some hotels to stay the night.
3. Johan and Bangkit went to Yogyakarta last month.
4. They didn't have any relatives there.
5. So they didn't need to eat out.
6. They enjoyed staying in the hotel very much.
A. 3 - 4 - 8 - 6 - 2 - 1 - 5 - 7
B. 3 - 2 - 4 - 7 - 1 - 8 - 6 - 5
C. 3 - 4 - 1 - 2 - 7 - 8 - 5 - 6
D. 3 - 8 - 2 - 1 - 5 - 7 - 6 - 4

UAS-SMP-01-20

Look at the map!
Merauke is in the ... part of
Irian Jaya
A. Northern
B. Eastern
C. Western
D. Southern



Bacaan untuk soal nomor 21 sampai dengan 25

Most people don't notice that giraffes have different patterns of spots. Certain species of giraffes have small spots. Other species have large spots. Some species have spots that are very regular. You can tell where one spot ends and another begins.

Other species have spots that are kind of blotchy. This means the spots are not set off from each other as clearly. These are only two of many kinds of spots. The pattern of giraffe's spots is called "marking". No two giraffes have exactly the same marking.

Giraffe's spots help them to blend in with their surroundings in Africa where they live. Being able to blend with surroundings helps animals survive. If a lion can't see a giraffe, he certainly can't eat it. This is called 'protective coloration'. The animal's colour helps to protect it.

Another thing that protects giraffes is their keen eyesight. Their large eyes are on the sides of their heads. Giraffes see anything that moves. They can see another animal a mile away. It is very hard to sneak up on a giraffe. Those who try usually get a quick kick with a powerful back leg.

UAS-SMP-01-21

Where are giraffe's eyes?

- A. Around its long neck
- B. On the front part of its head
- C. On the left side of this head
- D. On the sides of its head

UAS-SMP-01-22

Giraffes protect themselves with their ...

- A. back legs
- B. front legs
- C. long necks
- D. spot patterns

UAS-SMP-01-23

What is protective coloration?

- A. An ability to see from long distance
- B. An ability to blend with surroundings
- C. The colour pattern of giraffe's spot
- D. The way to protect certain species

UAS-SMP-01-24

'..., he certainly can't eat it' (in paragraph 3)

- A. an animal
- B. a giraffe
- C. a lion
- D. a people

UAS-SMP-01-25

Which of the following is the best title for the passage?

- A. Different Kind of Giraffes
- B. More About Giraffes
- C. Giraffes and their Surroundings
- D. People and Giraffes

UAS-SMP-01-26

Lia : Have you heard that Surabaya Zoo gets a new animal?

Nia : No. What animal is it? And where is it from?

Lia : It is from Australia. The Australian government gave it to Surabaya Zoo because the zoo didn't have it. The animal has two short legs at the front and two long legs at the back.

Nia : It is ..., isn't?

Lia : Yes, you're right.

- A. a koala
- B. a bear
- C. a kangaroo
- D. an orang utan

UAS-SMP-01-27

Angga : Hello, Danu. What's the matter with you?

Danu : Have you heard that Kelud mountain erupted last night?

And some of my relatives live there.

Angga : ...

Why don't you look for the information about it?

- A. that's a good idea
- B. I am sorry to hear that
- C. I am glad to hear it
- D. that's fantastic news

UAS-SMP-01-28

Haryo : I like searing T-shirt, but I don't like wearing shirts. How about you, Nur?

Nuri : Well, I also like wearing T-shirts better than shirts. So, I ...

- A. always wear shirts
- B. don't like T-shirts
- C. seldom wear shirts
- D. prefer shirts to T-shirts

UAS-SMP-01-29

Yunita : Have you hear that Merapi Mountain erupted last night?

Martini : Do you now how many animals were killed?

Yunita : All, ... of them was safe

- A. some
- B. both
- C. each
- D. none

UAS-SMP-01-30

Feri : Do you like the view of the mountain?

Yudi : Yes, I enjoy it very much.

Feri : I hope ...

Yudi : Yes, of course and I will be back here as possible.

Feri : Thank you that you like my village.

- A. you are happy here
- B. you can go home soon
- C. I never come here again
- D. the view is still beautiful

UAS-SMP-01-31

What is the text about?

- A. How students learn at any school
- B. What students learn to a vocational school
- C. Where students go to get immediate job
- D. When students learn practical experience

UAS-SMP-01-32

What do the students go to a vocational school for?

- A. To prepare themselves to work or have their own business right after finishing their school
- B. To learn theoretical knowledge at school
- C. To get practical experience in the field they are learning
- D. To prepare themselves with technological works

UAS-SMP-01-33

What does school do to adjust themselves with the development of technology?

- A. They provide students with computers
- B. They produce computers operators, programmer, and mechanics
- C. They send their students to computer courses
- D. They set up many private institutions

UAS-SMP-01-34

Why do many schools provide their students with computers?

Because computers ...

- A. are modern technology
- B. are available at private institutions
- C. are modern and have been used widely in the world
- D. are modern and trendy

UAS-SMP-01-35

“They in turn, will create new jobs.” (the last paragraph)

The underlined word refer to ...

- A. computer work training
- B. computer courses
- C. many private institutions
- D. computer operators, programmers, and mechanics

UAS-SMP-01-36

Doctor : Let’s give treatment to the patient soon.

Nurse : He looks seriously ill.

Doctor : Prepare the equipments, please.

Nurse : Sure, Doctor!

- A. Yes, I agree
- B. No, I disagree
- C. That’s wrong
- D. Don’t worry

UAS-SMP-01-37

Anton : What time will you go to Jakarta, Andi?

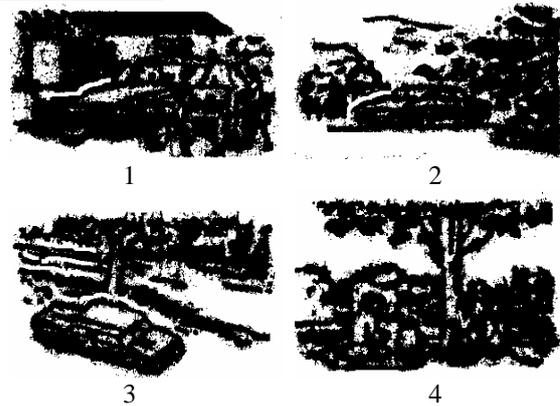
Andi : At five, this evening, by bus.

Anton : Have you prepared yourself?

Andi : Yes, I have. I always prepare everything I need ... the time comes.

- A. before
- B. after
- C. when
- D. until

UAS-SMP-01-38



Arrange these sentences based on the series of pictures above!

- 1. After swimming they had lunch in the cool shade under the tree.
- 2. They found a place near the river and they parked their car under a large tree.
- 3. It was a nice day. Sinta, Seno, Uncle Hadi and Aunt Yuni left the house to have a picnic.
- 4. They saw a lot of beautiful scenery along the journey.

Choose a good paragraph!

- A. 4 – 3 – 2 – 1
- B. 4 – 3 – 1 – 2
- C. 3 – 4 – 2 – 1
- D. 3 – 4 – 1 – 2

UAS-SMP-01-39

The following things belong to “household equipment”.

- A. Axe, hoe, hammer
- B. Blender, mixer, rice cooker
- C. Computer, radio, TV
- D. Thermometer, stethoscope, scissors

UAS-SMP-01-40

Tina and Toni are in Bali for holiday.

Tina :

Toni :

- A. market
- B. bookshop
- C. department store
- D. souvenir shop

Bacaan untuk soal nomor 41 sampai dengan 43

This is SLTP Putra Pertiwi. It is a good junior secondary school in West Jakarta. The students of this school come here everyday. They do a lot of activities. They learn different kinds of subject, such as mathematics, Indonesian language, Biology and English.

Everyday they wear the school uniform, white and white for every Monday, white and blue for every Tuesday to Thursday, Batik and blue for every Friday and scout uniform and the PMR uniform for every Saturday.

UAS-SMP-01-41

The students wear ... every Friday.

- A. white and blue
- B. white and white
- C. batik and blue
- D. scout uniform

UAS-SMP-01-42

What days do students wear the white and blue uniform?

- A. Tuesday, Monday and Wednesday
- B. Tuesday, Wednesday and Thursday
- C. Tuesday, Thursday and Friday
- D. Monday, Thursday and Saturday

UAS-SMP-01-43

The learn different kinds of subjects.
The underlined word means ...

- A. lessons
- B. studies
- C. topics
- D. problems

UAS-SMP-01-44

Anggi : I am sorry, sir. I come late.

Mr. Adi : Why do you come late?

Anggi : I got up late, because my mother is sick.

Mr. Adi : Well, ...

- A. will you come late again?
- B. don't be late again?
- C. don't be lazy again
- D. it's better late

UAS-SMP-01-45

Mr. Alwi : How does the new secretary do her job?

Mr. Iman : She is a good secretary, she always does everything ...

- A. slowly
- B. strongly
- C. fat
- D. well

UAS-SMP-01-46

Maman : I have to go to Jakarta tomorrow, but I don't have enough money to buy a ticket. How can I go there?

Ilyas : You can go there by an economic-class train.

Maman : How about the executive class?

Ilyas : It's ... the economy class, but it more expensive.

- A. better than
- B. the worst
- C. worse than
- D. the best

UAS-SMP-01-47

Johan promised to pickup his girl friend from the office at 5 yesterday. As he had urgent work to finish he just stopped working at 5 pm. He ran all the way to the bus stop but he missed it. He decided to take a taxi and arrived at his girl friend's office at 5.10 but she was not there.

How long was he late?

- A. He was a few minutes late
- B. He was a few hours late
- C. Only a little time
- D. More than ten minutes

UAS-SMP-01-48

Afifi : Have you read this magazine?

Utomo : Yes, why?

Afifi : ...

Utomo : You're right. All articles here are important for us to read.

- A. What magazine is good?
- B. How is a good magazine like?
- C. What magazine is this?
- D. What a good magazine it is?

Bacaan untuk soal nomor 49 sampai nomor 50

Newspapers are important source of information. That is why, most people in big cities ... (49) to certain newspaper. They begin their days by reading the paper. In this way, they learn what is going on in the world. Sometimes, however, they do not have time to read the news carefully. They only have time for a quick look at the front ... (50)

UAS-SMP-01-49

- A. subscribe
- B. provide
- C. buy
- D. read

UAS-SMP-01-50

- A. press
- B. page
- C. stories
- D. comment

Bacaan untuk soal nomor 53 sampai dengan 55.

Tree is the largest of all plants. The tallest tree grows over 62 meters in height. Many trees also live longer than other plants. Some tree lives for thousands of years. They are oldest living things that man knows.

People think that trees are different from other plants. *Most* of other plant grow only for a short time and then die. People thing of trees as a permanent part of the landscape.

Trees continue to grow as long as they live. They grow new leaves and flowers. Leaves of a tree make food. The food keeps the tree alive and helps it grow. The flowers grow into fruits. The fruit contains seeds for making new trees.

Trees are different from other plants like herbs and shrubs. Most trees grow at least 4.6 to 6.1 meters, but herb and shrub are much shorter than trees. Trees have one woody stem, which is called trunk. Herbs have soft and juicy stem. Shrubs are like trees, they have woody stem, but most shrubs have more than one stem, and none of stems of the shrubs grows so thick as a tree trunk.

There are thousands of kinds of trees. But most trees belong to one of two main groups. They are broadleaf trees and needle leaf trees. These two types of trees grow in many parts of the world. Most other types of trees, such as palms and tree ferns, grown mainly in warm regions.

Adapted from: The World Book Encyclopedia

UAS-SMP-01-51

One of these statements is true according to the text.

- A. All plants grow over 61 meters tall
- B. People think that tree live longer than other plants
- C. Trees grow new leaves and flowers to make food
- D. These are only two kinds of tree, big trees, and small trees

UAS-SMP-01-52

What do leaves of tree make?

- A. Fruits
- B. Food
- C. Flowers
- D. Seeds

UAS-SMP-01-53

People think of trees as a permanent part of the landscape. (paragraph 2)

The underlined word mean ...

- A. shortly die
- B. grow only for a short time
- C. can't grow in certain area
- D. long lasting

Bacaan untuk nomor 54 sampai dengan nomor 56

The application of sophisticated on ornamental plants and flowers results in the invention of new varieties and beautiful flowers in different shapes and colours. The effect is that there will be a great development of flower farming in the future. More over the farmers will be motivated to increase their production for export. This was said by the President on the opening ceremony of "Taman Bunga Nasional" (National Flower Park) in Cipanas, Bandung, West Java.

TBN is built by Yayasan Bunga National in 1994. It is located in a village called Karang Luwih on a 35 hectare-land. This is planned to be the largest park and the largest exhibition area throughout the world. It is also a place conducting research and experiment on agriculture, especially flowers or other ornamental plants.

The main purpose of this project is oriented on preparing the flowers/plants as one of the export commodities. "This will hopefully increase the living standard of farmers", the president closed his speech.

UAS-SMP-01-54

The best title for the text is ...

- A. The use of new technology
- B. The largest exhibition in the world
- C. The living of flowers farmers
- D. The National Flower Park

UAS-SMP-01-55

What is the objective of using sophisticated technology in flower farming?

- A. To export ornamental plants and flowers
- B. To increase the income of Indonesian
- C. To prepare the use of new technology
- D. To get a great development in the future

UAS-SMP-01-56

The function of "TBN" is not only exhibition but also for ...

- A. show
- B. export
- C. ceremony
- D. research

UAS-SMP-01-57

Amri : Excuse me, please. I'm looking for my bag.

Pak Harun : Is this one yours?

Amri : No, mines ... of all

Pak Harun : What about this one?

Amri : No. That it's it, over there. The one with the lock on it.

Pak Harun : Here you are.

Amri : Thanks you

- A. big
- B. bigger
- C. the biggest
- D. small

UAS-SMP-01-58

Sandra : How do we get to the exhibition of flora and fauna, Dewi?

Dewi : I've decided to walk there. It's not too far.

Sandra : Okay, let's go now, and I think there will be ... many people if we come in the afternoon.

- A. so and so
- B. enough
- C. too
- D. so

UAS-SMP-01-59

Read the jumbled sentences carefully!

1. Therefore rainforests are found near the equator.
2. The trees grow to thirty meters tall.
3. They need not only a lot of rain but also a high temperature.
4. Their branches and leaves form an umbrella.
5. Rainforests grow in tropical parts of Indonesia.
6. The tropical rainforest is a warm, wet, and silent place.

The possible arrangement of the paragraph can be ...

- A. 3 - 6 - 1 - 2 - 5 - 4
- B. 2 - 5 - 4 - 6 - 1 - 3
- C. 5 - 3 - 1 - 6 - 2 - 4
- D. 4 - 1 - 6 - 5 - 2 - 3

UAS-SMP-01-60

"There are two types of tree based on the shape of the leaves"

Which is the synonym of the underlined word?

- A. length
- B. form
- C. width
- D. thickness